

Global-Local-Global Analysis of Systems Sustainability





## Global-to-Local-to-Global Analysis of Sustainability: An AccelNet Network of Networks

Presented by Thomas Hertel (PI) Purdue University At the 11<sup>th</sup> Annual Forestry and Agriculture GHG Modeling Forum

NSF Grants OISE #2020635 and CBET #1855937

#### HALF OF THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS BEAR ON LAND & WATER RESOURCES: **GLASSNET** IS A NETWORK OF NETWORKS FOR ADDRESSING THESE CHALLENGES USING AN **INTEGRATIVE APPROACH**

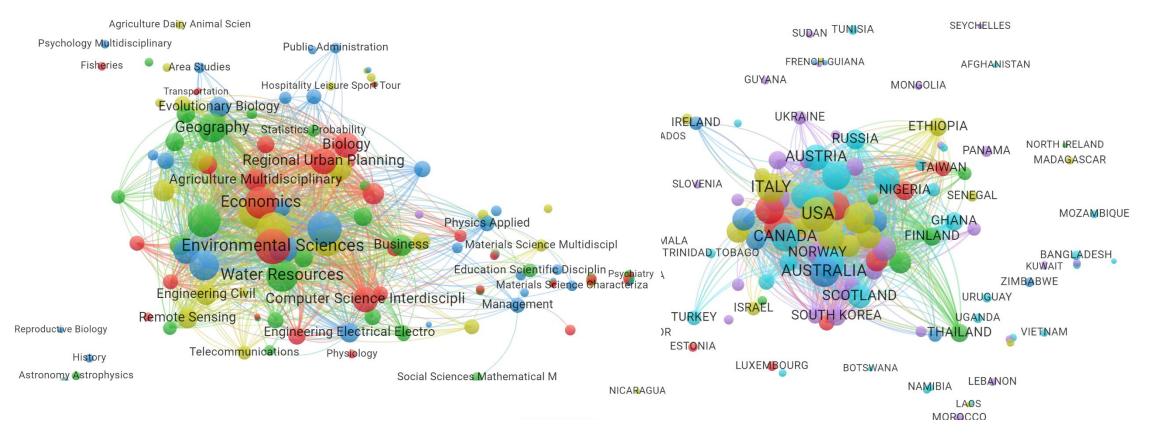


**GLASSNET:** 

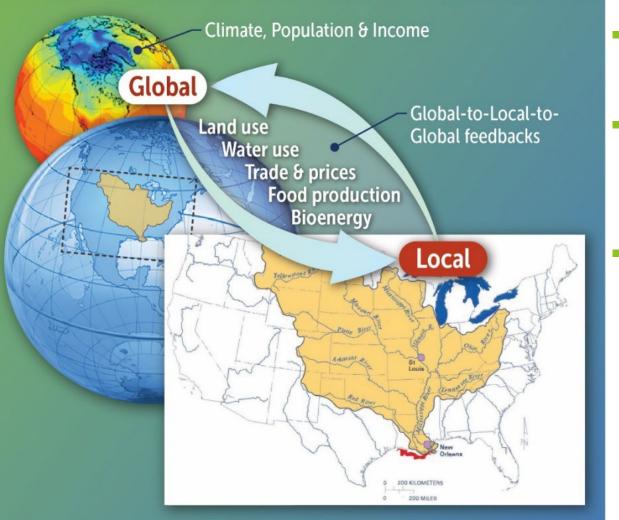
- **Enables transformative analysis to facilitate decision making for** sustainable development
- **Develops diverse human capital for analysis of tradeoffs and synergies** among SDGs
- **Engages a network of networks, facilitating integration across research** teams to advance knowledge and identify sustainable pathways



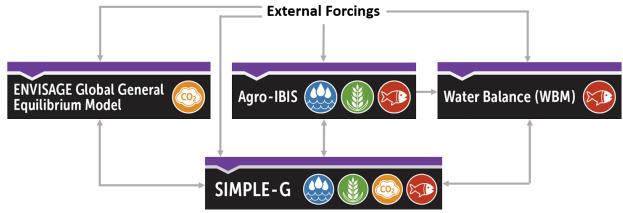
# **GLASSNET** is linking researchers across disciplinary and geographic boundaries



#### Global-to-Local-to-Global Analysis is central to GLASSNET



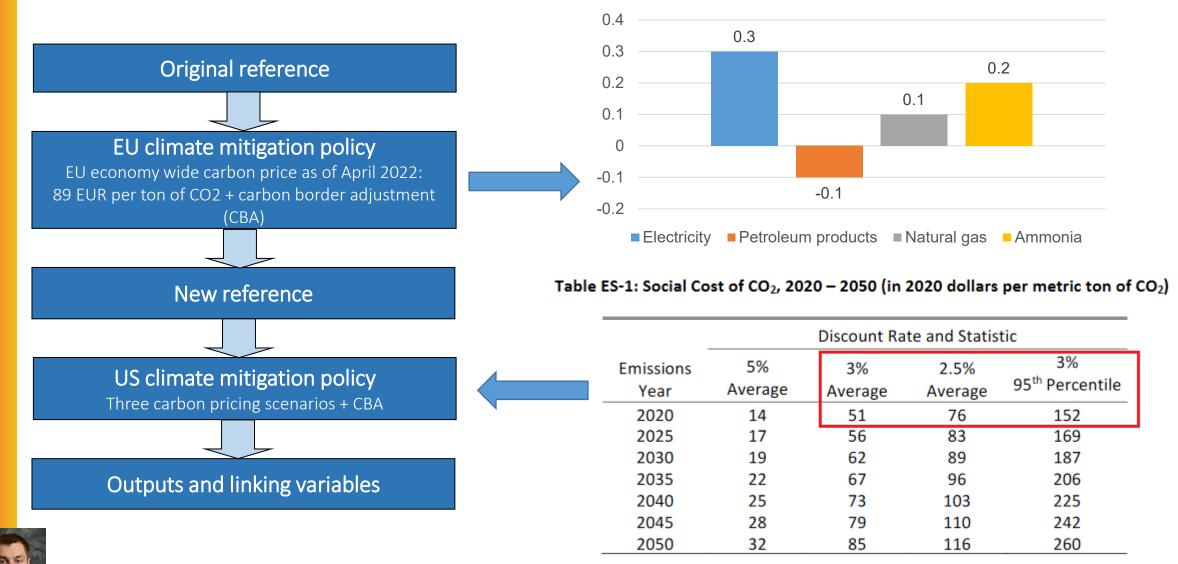
- Global forces drive local food-energywater systems stresses
- Local responses are shaped by specific climatic, biophysical and socio-economic conditions
- Accumulation of local responses feeds back to regional and Global systems



- Climate mitigation scenarios: Implications for US agriculture
- Methodology for model linking
- Agricultural responses to climate policy
- Implications for water quality
- Contrast with existing water quality policies
- Conclusions

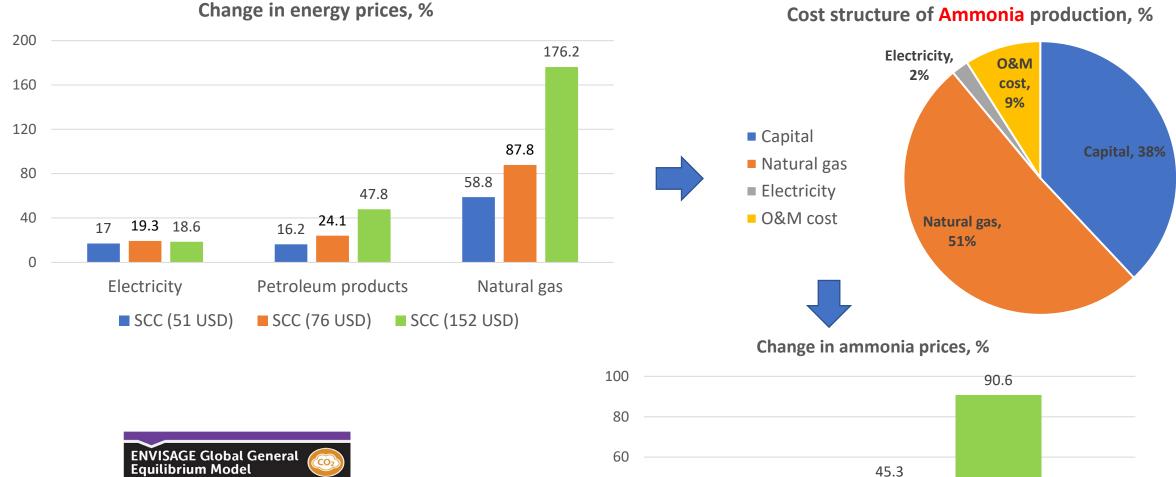
## Mitigation scenarios capture EU carbon pricing and US SCC estimates, CBAM to curtail dirty imports





Source: Interagency Working Group on Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases, United States Government, February 2021 (<a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/TechnicalSupportDocument\_SocialCostofCarbonMethaneNitrousOxide.pdf">https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/TechnicalSupportDocument\_SocialCostofCarbonMethaneNitrousOxide.pdf</a>)

#### Mitigation policies increase US costs of energy and ammonia fertilizer





PLE-G 🤐 🍈 🚳 🗫

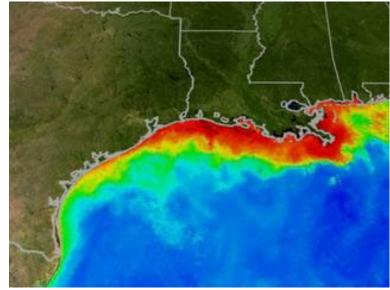


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## Water quality challenge

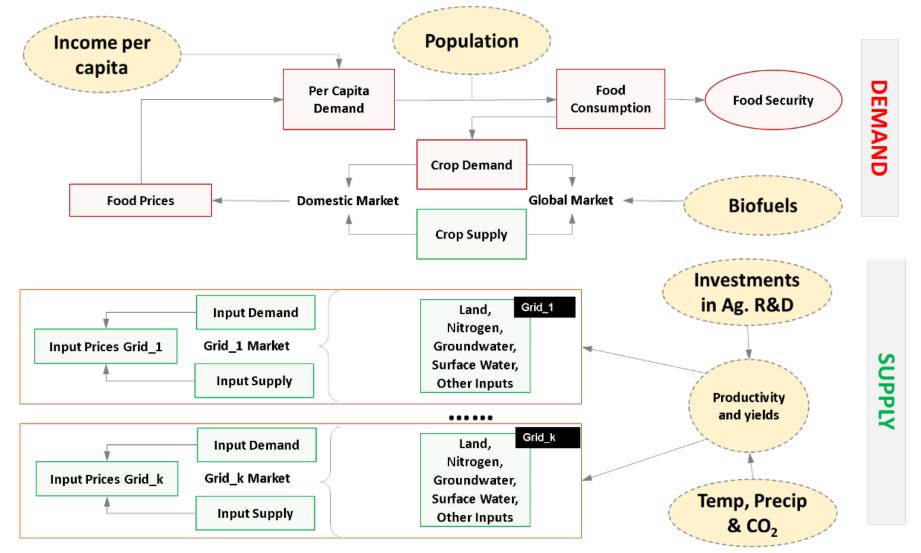
- Nitrogen fertilizer dependent agriculture
- Nitrate loss from the Corn Belt mostly attributed to corn production
- "Dead zone" in the Gulf of Mexico (hypoxia)
- US EPA Hypoxia Task Force has suggested a 45% reduction in N load to gulf by 2035 to reduce the dead zone size to a more acceptable level
- How are we going to get there?





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#### **SIMPLE-G Modeling Framework**

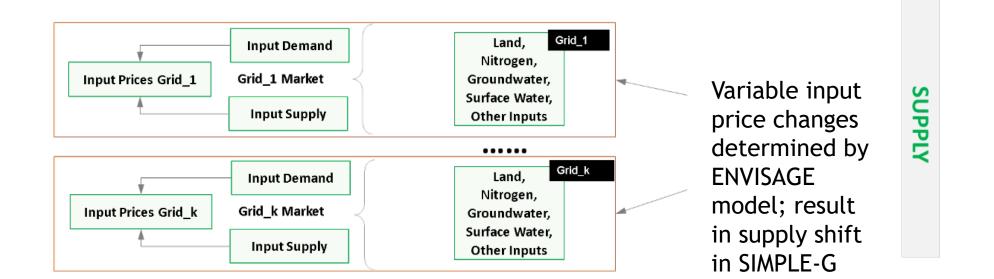


Baldos et al. (2020), Environmental Modelling and Software

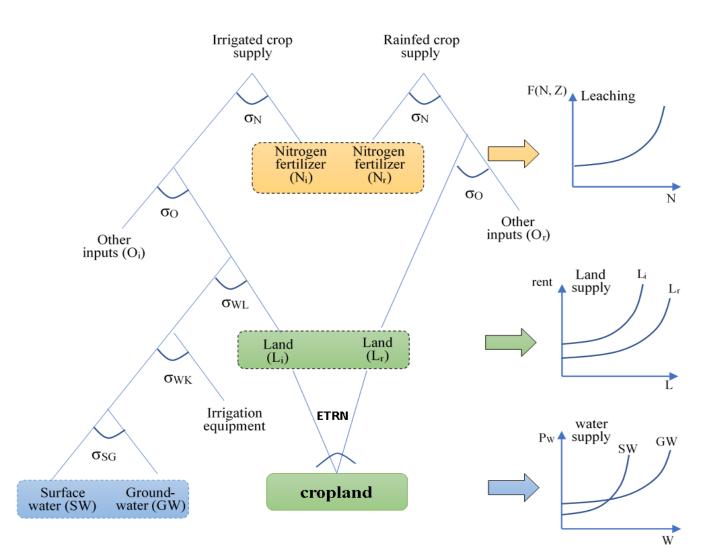
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#### **Linking ENVISAGE to SIMPLE-G**

Farm level demand shift determined by ENVISAGE model in presence of perfectly elastic supply in ENVISAGE DEMAND



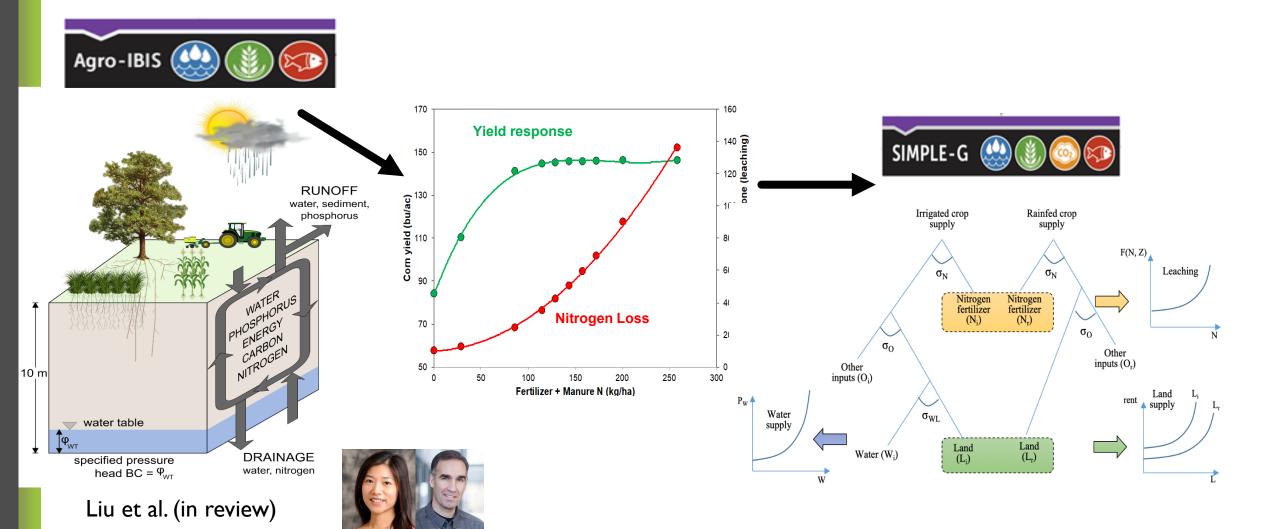
## Grid cell activity in SIMPLE-G (5-arc-min)





Baldos et al. (2020), Environmental Modelling and Software

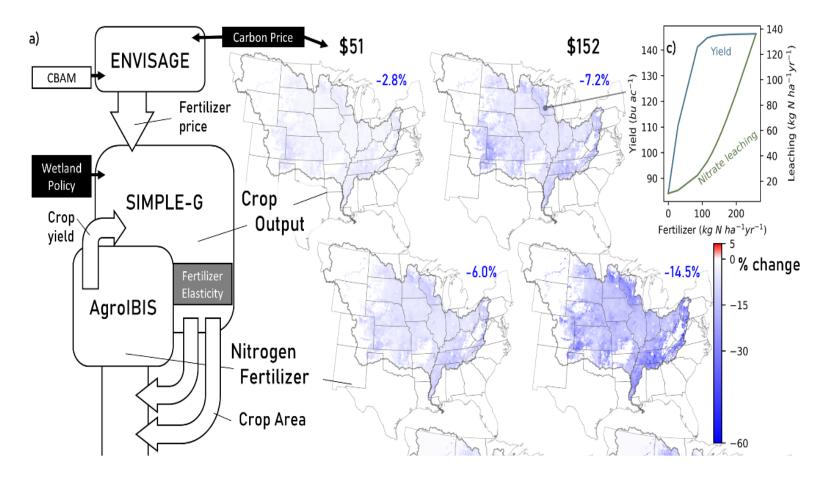
## Agro-ecosystem model provides key grid cell parameterization of SIMPLE-G



Climate mitigation scenarios: Implications for US agriculture

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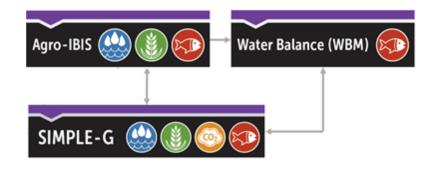
#### Heterogeneous impacts of carbon pricing across Mississippi River Basin



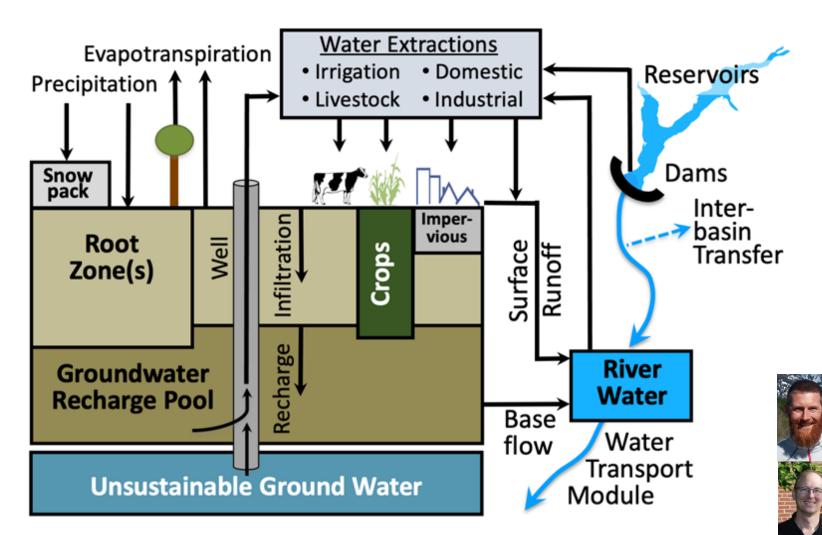


Reduced fertilizer use due to *rate reduction* as well as *reduction in planted area* 

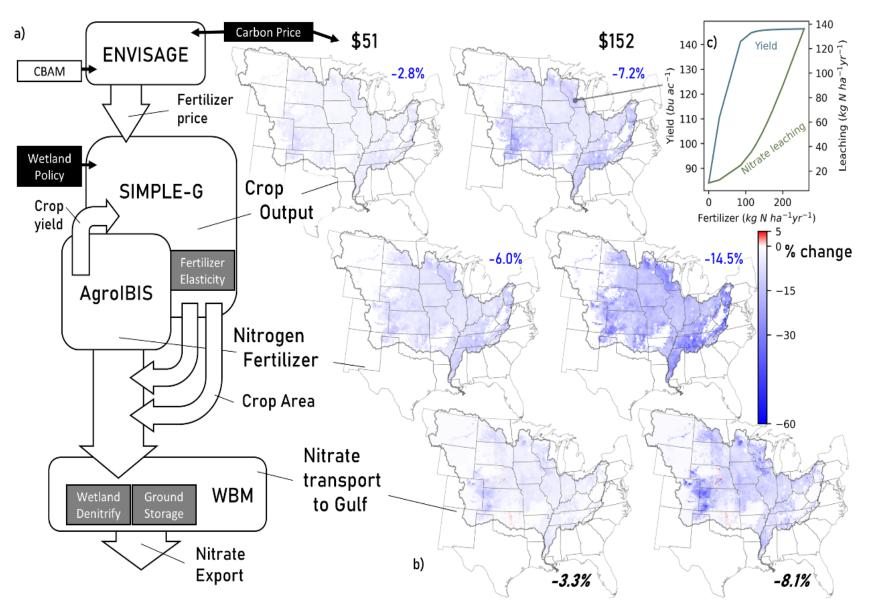
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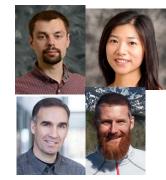


Water Balance **Model tracks** nutrient transport to streams and groundwater recharge



#### **Carbon pricing reduces nitrate export to Gulf of Mexico**





Zuidema et al. PNAS, 2023.

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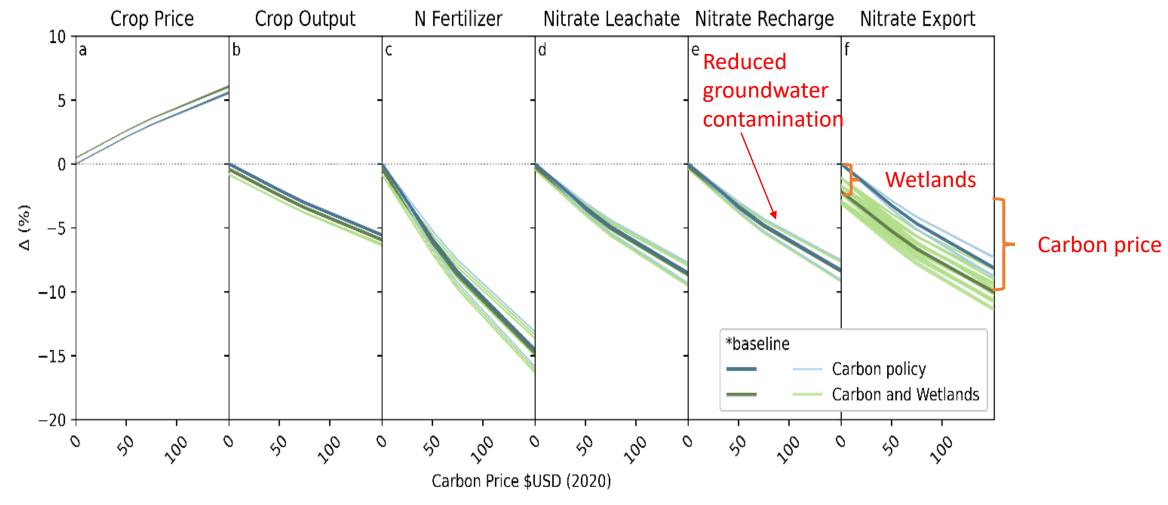
## Non-point source water pollution has proven to be an intractable problem in US agriculture



- Wetland restoration at edge of field allows for denitrification
- A favored policy by many environmental groups
- However, despite financial incentives, adoption across the US has been limited
- We limit wetlands to feasible tile-drained fields

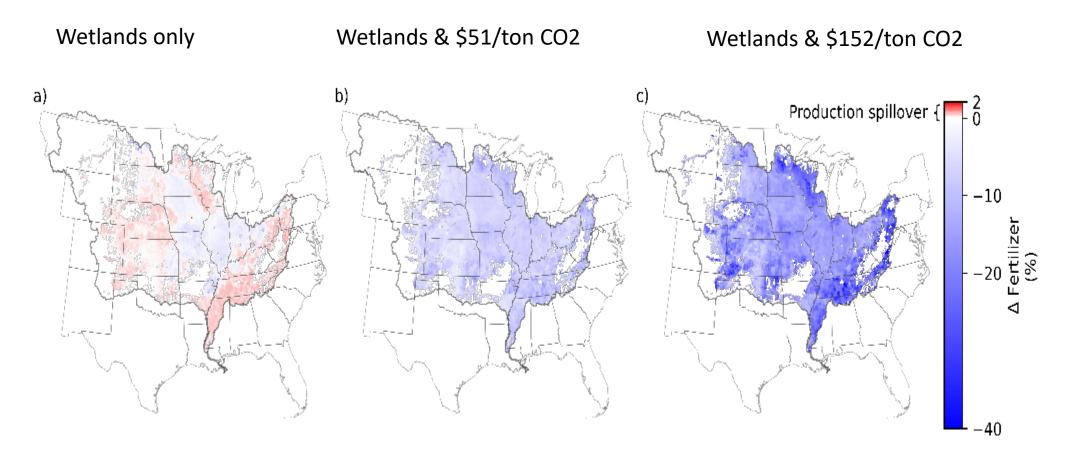


#### Carbon pricing can generate even greater gains than limited wetland restoration for *improvement of groundwater quality* and *nitrate export to the Gulf of Mexico*

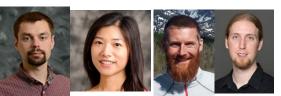




## Added benefit of carbon pricing is that it *curtails negative spillovers* arising from a spatially limited policy



Effect on nitrogen fertilizer applications of coupling wetland restoration with carbon pricing



Zuidema et al. PNAS, 2023.

#### Conclusions

- Potentially significant water quality co-benefits from carbon pricing
- Global-local-global analysis facilitated by linking of economic and biophysical models
- Gridded resolution of economic model key to successful linkage
- Allows for consideration of a wide range of environmental policies
- Future work could also consider non-CO2 GHG emissions policies; more complex configurations of climate policy

#### GLASSNET is providing an intellectual foundation for Global-Local-Global analysis of land and water sustainability

- Provost-sponsored GLASSNET conference in April 2022 at Purdue University: 50 scientists and stakeholders exploring GLG analysis
- 13 papers published in 2023 special issue of Environmental Research Letters
- Overview by guest editors Hertel, Irwin, Polasky and Ramankutty wrote a synthesis article, published in September, 2023



Managing the





#### Meeting the Global Sustainable Development Goals on a Changing Planet with Limited Land and Water Resources

GLASSNET's impact on key stakeholders will make a difference in achieving the SDGs. Our network has the potential to provide decision makers from a wide-array of areas with the data needed to properly assess actions that will affect the environment, the economy and

**GLASSNET:** An International Network of Networks to tackle GLG challenges: https://glassnet.net

- Special issue of Environmental Research Letters
- Early career scholar exchanges
- **GLASSNET** Use Cases and Workshops
- SIMPLE-G short course in April/May 2024
- SIMPLE-G book: Forthcoming from Springer





